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#### Definitions:

L 4360 (defined by HCPS): "Walking boot, pneumatic, with or without joints, with or without interface material, prefabricated, includes fitting and adjustment."

WALKING BOOTS

L 4386: "Walking boot non-pneumatic, with or without joints, with or without interface material, prefabricated, includes fitting and adjustment."

## WALKING BOOTS Eligibility-Diagnosis

"For an item to be considered for coverage under the Brace benefit category, it must be a rigid or semi-rigid device which is used for the PURPOSE OF SUPPORTING A WEAK OR DEFORMED BODY MEMBER OR RESTRICTING OR ELIMINATING MOTION IN A DISEASED OR INJURED PART OF THE BODY."

"When an AFO or a KAFO for an ambulatory patient and any related addition is used solely for the treatment of edema and/or for the prevention or treatment of a pressure ulcer it will be denied as non-covered. Walking boots used to provide immobilization as treatment for an orthopedic condition or after orthopedic surgery are eligible for coverage under the Brace benefit."

"When walking boots are used primarily to relieve pressure, especially on the sole of the foot, or are used for patients with foot ulcers, they are non-covered---No Medicare Benefit."

#### AFO's: Provider vs Prescriber?

#### **Prescriber**

- Thorough History
- Knowledge of Neuromuscular LE Diseases
- Knowledge of Muscle Function in LE
- Knowledge of Normal and Abnormal Gait
- Ability to perform Gait Analysis
- Ability to perform detailed Biomechanical Exam: Joint ROM, Muscle Testing, Stance evaluation

#### **Provider**

- · Takes impression cast
- · Manufactures or orders AFO from Lab
- Dispenses AFO
- Follow Up Adjustments

#### DME - AFO's

#### **PRESCRIBER**

- Evaluate condition
- Diagnosis
- Prescribe modality with patient specific modifications
- Follow up monitor progress of pathology
- Recommend further treatment

#### **PROVIDER**

- Measures, Casts, fit DME
- Fabricate or purchase DMF
- Dispense, instruct in use
- Follow up for adjustment, modification

### Q: What diagnosis and code do I use when I bill for a custom AFO?

# A: Use the diagnosis code which best describes your patient's condition!!

"For an item to be considered for coverage under the Brace benefit category, it must be a rigid or semi-rigid device which is used for the purpose of supporting a weak or deformed body member or restricting or eliminating motion in a diseased or injured part of the body. It must provide support and counterforce (i.e., a force in a defined direction of a magnitude at least as great as a rigid or semi-rigid support) on the limb or body part that it is being used to brace. Items that do not meet the definition of a brace are non-covered."

Q: What are the key elements of the diagnosis "package"?

1. Pathology i.e. disease or injury

Tendon Rupture, (non-traumatic)

Foot-Ankle 727.68 Charcot-Marie-Tooth 356.1 CVA 436

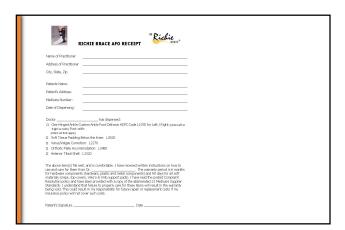
2. Weakness or Deformity

Dropfoot 736.79 Hemiplegia 438.20 Flatfoot, acquired 734 Talipes Equinovarus 754.51

PATIENT NAME: DIAGNOSIS CODES:	SSN		
ADULT ACQUIRED FLATFOOT (PT	10) Astult Acquired Flatfoot 734	☐ Rupture, Ten	idon; Ankle & Foot 727.68
	Pronetion, Acquired 73679		
DJD OF ANKLE & REARFOOT	☐ Osteoarthrosis, Localized, Pri	mary, Anide & Foo	1715.17
	Pain, Joint, Ankle & Foot 719	47 🔲 Tersel i	Coelition 755.87
DROPFOOT	☐ Dropfoot 738.79 ☐ Henipi	iegia 438.20	
LATERAL ANKLE INSTABILITY	☐ Instability of Joint, Ankle & Foo	at 718.87 🗆 Calc-1	fib Ligament Sprain 854.0
OTHER			
L1971 AFO, plastic, with anide jo     L2020 Soft interface, below knee     L2275 Addition to lower extremity     L2210 Addition to lower extremity	, varus/valgus correction, plastic mod		red
D			
PROGNOSIS:			
	RTHOSIS MOLDED TO PATIEN ankle-fool-orthosis has been pre- condition of this patient. (check all	scribed based up	on the following
☐ The condition necessitatin (more than 6 months)	g the orthosis is expected to be p		ngstanding duration
The patient has document fabrication over a model to		hopedic condition	
<ul> <li>The patient has a healing : proportions</li> </ul>	racture which lacks normal anato	mical integrity or	anthropometric
I hereby certify that the ankle-foo the purpose of supporting a weal diseased or injured part of the bo part that it is being braced.	or deformed body member or res	stricting or elimin	ating motion in a
	titioner) (Licens	se Number)	(Date)

PATIENT NAME: DIAGNOSIS CODES:	SSN:	
ADULT ACQUIRED FLATFOOT (PTT	) Adult Acquired Flatfoot 734	
	☐ Pronation, Acquired 736.79	
DJD OF ANKLE & REARFOOT	Osteoarthrosis, Localized, Primary; Ankle & Foot 715.17	
	☐ Pain, Joint, Ankle & Foot 719.47 ☐ Tarsal Coalition 755.87	
DROPFOOT	☐ Dropfoot 736.79 ☐ Hemiplegia 438.20	
LATERAL ANKLE INSTABILITY	☐ Instability of Joint; Ankle & Foot 718.87 ☐ Calc-fib Ligament Sprain 854.02	
OTHER		
DESCRIPTION OF ORTHOSIS AND The following Ankle-Foot-Orthos captioned patient on L1970 AFO, plastic, molded to patie	is & Component Parts have been dispensed to the above (Date). ont model with ankle joints	
The following Ankle-Foot-Orthos captioned patient on  L1970 AFO, plastic, molded to patie	is & Component Parts have been dispensed to the above (Date).  (Date).  Introde with ankel joints ted to patient model	
The following Ankle-Foot-Orthos captioned patient on L1970 AFO, plastic, molded to patient L1940 AFO, plastic solid shell, mold	is & Component Parts have been dispensed to the above (Date).  (Date).  Introde with ankel joints ted to patient model	

A custom (versus pre-fabricated) ankle-foot-orth criteria which are specific to the condition of this		oon the following
☐ The patient could not be fit with a prefabri ☐ The condition necessitating the orthosis is (more than 6 months)		ngstanding duration
☐ There is need to control the ankle or foot ☐ The patient has documented neurological fabrication over a model to prevent tissue ☐ The patient has a healing fracture which I	, circulatory, or orthopedic conditio injury	
proportions		
proportions hereby certify that the ankle-foot-orthosis descr he purpose of supporting a weak or deformed b diseased or injured part of the body. It is designe part that it is being braced.	ody member or restricting or elimin	ating motion in a



# **HCFA 1500 Claim Form**

#### REPLACEMENT OF DME

THE HEALTH CARE FINANCING ADMINISTRATION HAS ESTABLISHED THAT THE REASONABLE USEFUL LIFETIME OF DURABLE MEDICAL EQUIPMENT (DME) IS FIVE (5) YEARS. COMPUTATION IS BASED ON WHEN THE ITEM IS

PAYMENT FOR REPLACEMENT DME, PROSTHESES OR ORTHOSES IS CONSIDERED UNDER THE FOLLOWING CIRCUMSTANCES:

DAMAGED OR WORN

MEDICAL CONDITION HAS CHANGED

LOST OR STOLEN

ITEM HAS BEEN USED BY THE PATIENT FOR THE EQUIPMENTS USEFUL

IT IS NOT NECESSARY TO SEND DOCUMENTATION WITH THE CLAIM DOCUMENTATION CAN BE KEPT IN THE PATIENTS CHART SHOULD IT BE NEEDED IN THE FUTURE.

Q: Patient was casted for AFO, but now refuses the brace, how do I get

If you billed the Brace and the patient took the brace, (even if they return it later) bill as you normally would.

If the patient never comes to pick up the brace, then attach the invoice from the Laboratory and bill the insurance company for the "Cost" of the brace. Attach documentation indicating the patient never returned for the

Q: Patient returns before 5 years is up and the brace is worn out, broken, they have had significant weight gain or loss, how do I bill for this

First, bill the brace as you normally would, DME will probably pay for the brace. If they do not, re-submit the claim with the explanation such as, Broken, Significant Wear, Patient lost or gained weight. Those explanations and more, will qualify the patient to have coverage prior to 5 years.

#### L4002

(Replacement strap, any orthosis, includes all components, any length, any type) NOT on initial dispensal – must be 90 days or longer after the brace was dispensed.

#### L2820-RB

(soft interface)

New HCPCS Modifiers for Repair and Replacement
The following two modifiers are being added to the HCPCS on January 1, 2009, and are
effective for claims with dates of service on or after January 1, 2009:
RA – Replacement of a DME item
RB - Replacement of a part of DME furnished as part of a repair

# REFURBISHMENT

#### **Billing Instructions for AFO Repairs**

Replacement of a complete orthosis or component of an orthosis due to loss, significant change in the patient's condition, or irreparable accidental damage is covered if the device is still medically necessary. The reason for the replacement must be documented in the supplier's record.

www.cignamedicare.com/dmerc/Imrp/AFO.html

#### Two-Step process for obtaining reimbursement for a DME product with special circumstances. i.e. Patient expires, Patient doesn't pick it up



- 1. Prepare claim as usual, in box 19 indicate the date patient expired or date patient notified your office they did not want
- 2. Attach the invoice from the lab to your claim and submit to the **DME Carrier for reimbursement**



Without the inclusion of a KX modifier, the DME MACs will assume medical criteria have not been met and automatically deny the claim as not medically necessary.

It is important to note that by including the KX modifier, you are attesting that the criteria have been met and that appropriate documentation to support medical necessity is in your files.



#### UNIQUE FEATURES OF THE RICHIE BRACE

Lightweight, low-profile with minimal change in shoe fit

Functional design to restore mobility and return to activity

Custom balanced orthotic foot plate according to podiatric principles

Anatomic location of ankle hinge placement

Limb Uprights with recessed slots for Velcro Straps

Replaceable Velcro Straps and Limb Upright Pads

Single Strap Adjustment for Application and Removal of Brace

**3 Color Options** 

Patented Medial and Lateral Arch Suspender Straps

8 Custom Models and 2 Pre-Fabricated Models









### RICHIE OTC DYNAMIC ASSIST BRACE®

L1971 Pre-fab AFO \$414.00 - \$455.00

L2210 Tamarac dorsi-assist ankle joints (priced ea) 2 hinges per brace

L2820 Soft Interface









#### BILLING CODES:

- L1940: AFO, Plastic or other material, custom-fabricated - \*Floor: \$418.70, Ceiling: \$558.27
- L2330: Addition to lower extremity, lacer molded to patient model, for custom fabricated orthosis only
- \*Floor: \$332.44, Ceiling: \$443.25
- L2275: Addition to lower extremity, varus/valgus correction, plastic modification, padded/lined
  - \*Varus/Valgus Conrol, Floor: \$106.19, Ceiling: \$141.58
- L2820: Addition to lower extremity orthosis, soft interface for molded plastic below knee
- \*Floor: \$73.52, Ceiling: \$98.03

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L2820 Soft Interface \$73.00 - \$98.00





#### **Clinical Indications for the Richie Brace**

#### **General Considerations:**

Bracing the Foot and Ankle can have one or more treatment goals:
-Limit motion of a joint
1. Chroric arkle instability
2. Deeperative arthritis of ankle or subtalar joint
-Restore motion of a joint Le. Dropfoot conditions:
1. Post CVA
2. Charcot Marie Tooth
3. Muttiple Sciencias
4. Common peroreal ren ep alsy
5. Brain injectif Sciencias
4. Sciencias
5. Brain injectif Sciencias
6. Sciencias
6. Sciencias
7. December 1 Tibal i Tendon
2. Peroreal Tendon
3. Lateral Ankle ligaments
-Off Load the plantar surface of foot from ground reaction forces and shear forces
1. Charcot arthropathy
2. Neuropathic Useration
3. Charcot Marie Tooth
Improve Balance and Proprioception
1. Prophylactic arks bracing
2. Dialects peripheral reuropathy
3. Elderly patients with high risk of falls

